

MADAME ADOLPHE.—This truly extraordinary Phenologist and Sympathist has been astonishing all of our citizens who have visited her. We gave ourselves the pleasure of a call, the other day, and must confess that we were taken by surprise. After manipulating our cranium she proceeded to tell our past history with remarkable accuracy and without hesitation; and although we tried several times to mislead her, yet she would insist upon the truth of her first statements. As to her predictions of the future we do not, as a matter of course, know anything, but of the past and present she is most certainly conversant, as all who wish, can be readily satisfied.

As Madame A. will leave us this evening we would advise every body who wishes to consult her to go early to day, and can assure them they will not regret it.

CHARLES SMITH.—Smith is certainly the quaintest specimen of a politician that we know of. Though he is an out and out abolitionist, he came very near going in for the N. B. Smith bill. He is avowedly a disciple of the "young America" school—went the whole length of the Golden Rule—spoke for it and in that speech declared he was "for the acquisition of Cuba without delay, and asked to be counted among the filibusters—seems to be in favor of getting as much slave territory as possible and as soon as convenient. Verily Smith is getting along in Congress first rate considering his abolitionism, and we would not be much surprised to see him some of these days advocating all the rights and privileges of the "peculiar institution." We are almost sorry that he is going to quit public life. But he has resigned his seat in Congress—has sent his letter of resignation to his constituents. The letter is characteristic of the man and is so quaint that we give it an insertion. It reads thus:

WASHINGTON, June 27th 1854.
TO MY CONSTITUENTS.—My nomination to Congress alarmed me greatly, because I believed that it would result in my election. To separate myself from my large private business for so long a time and to be for so long a time against the strong habits formed in my deeply secluded life, seemed to be well nigh impossible.
My election having taken place, I concluded that I must serve you during the first session of my term. Not to speak of other reasons for such a service, there was at least, so much due to you in requital for your generous forgetfulness of party obligations, in electing me. I could not do less and yet make a decent return for this respect and courtesy you had shown me.
I did not, until within a few weeks, fully decide not to return to Congress at the next session. I could not know but that something new might be announced in my purpose to resign my seat in Congress at the close of the present session. Why I make the announcement so early is that you may have ample time to look around you for my successor.
I resign my seat the more freely, because I do not thereby impose any tax upon your time. You will fill the vacancy at the general election. Indeed, should there have been entirely unwilling to put you to the pains of holding a special election.

Isn't that a model of a letter of resignation? Whoever before was alarmed at a nomination because he "feared it would result in an election"? But they can say Smith is honest and conscientious, and perhaps has told the truth, yet it's a tough story.

THE FIGHT IN CHINA.—We have just been reading a series of letters in the New York Herald from Shanghai giving the details of a battle between a few Americans and Englishmen and the Imperialists. It was a remarkable battle—remarkable in more particulars than one—remarkable that a mere handful of men should dare in a strange land to brave the displeasure of a vast nation, and remarkable that about 300 of them should obtain an easy victory over 10,000 strongly entrenched and fortified. At this rate an American or English army of 10,000 men could very easily overrun the whole Chinese empire, with its three hundred and fifty millions of people. And things have just come to pass in China, that if we do not annex a slice of that interesting country pretty soon, John Bull will. The spirit of the age is progressive, very much so, indeed, and we can't stand still.

WEST AMERICA MONTHLY.—We have before us the first number of the first volume of this western monthly, for July. Its old patrons will be surprised at first seeing it, but on examining they will find that it is their old visitor the Parlor Magazine, clothed in a new suit and more handsomely done up than ever. The subscription is \$2 per year in advance. Liberal arrangements made with clubs.

IN Somerville, Mass., a scientific gentleman has made a bright gas for his household, superior to coal gas. He produces it by the combustion of benzene, which is at a dollar and a half per gallon. This is mixed with atmospheric air in a small neat apparatus which will fit into any corner, and receive pipes conducting the gas to all parts of the house. The cost is not greater than that of coal gas. By this invention, which is patented, every ship and every isolated dwelling house, may enjoy its own brilliant light, producing it whenever and in whatever quantity it may be needed.

Old friends are the best. King James used to call for his old shoes—they were easiest for his feet. So says Sheldon.

When you go to drown yourself always take off your clothes; they may fit your wife's second husband.

THE BEST WAY TO KEEP COOL!—In this murderously hot weather is to drop in occasionally at West's and call for a glass of soda. They have fitted up a first rate fountain and are ready at all times to give you the pure stuff, and besides they warrant it produce an effect.

A case of some importance was decided at Cincinnati last week, where a banker holding a deposit of an endorser to a protested note, or to a note whose maker had become insolvent, claimed the deposit as a set off against the note. The court decided that the deposit was not liable, but that a check in the hands of a third party for the amount should have been paid. In Massachusetts, in a similar case, the bank was allowed to retain the deposit as a set off.

An Important Discovery.—A Paris journal states that the bad smell and taste of butter may be entirely removed by working it over in water mixed with chloride of lime. The discovery was made by a Brussels farmer whose practice it is to take a sufficient quantity of water to work it in and put it in from 25 to 30 drops of chloride of lime for every ten pounds of butter. When it has been worked until the whole has been in contact with the water, it should be worked again in pure water, when it will be found to be as sweet as when first made.

General Ogles says that of all the people in the world, fools have the least sense. Great discovery that.

SCIENCE OF CAPT. MITCHELL.—Capt. Saml. B. Mitchell, of the 5th Regt. of Vermont, Maine, committed suicide in New Orleans on the 1st, by hanging himself with his cravat. He had just received intelligence of the death of his wife, and this so preyed upon his mind as to cause him to commit the desperate act.

STOP THIEF.—The following notice in the New York Journal of Commerce, is the first instance we remember to have seen where a thief was invited to stop and read. We fear the invitation to return for the plate, and the request to read the stolen Bible will both be unheeded. The notice reads:

"The rascal who broke into the Church of the Parishes (Dr. Cheever's) a few nights since and stole the bible from the pulpit, is requested either to read or return it, or suffer the consequences. The plates used in taking collections, which he broke and left where he found them, and yet make a decent return for this respect and courtesy you had shown me."

IN Madrid on the birthday of Queen Christina of Spain, a grand reception was held by Queen Isabella at the palace, which was attended by all the corps diplomatique. A letter notices that at this ceremony the minister of the United States wore a black velvet coat embroidered with black silk, and says that its elegant simplicity attracted attention, and produced a striking effect amidst the brilliant uniforms by which it was surrounded.

FAMINE IN THE HOLY LAND.—It appears that those fearful visitations of death and famine, to which the people of Israel were so frequently subjected in ancient times, are still among the most serious drawbacks to a settled residence in the Holy Land. Recent letters from the venerable city of Hebron, calling upon Sir Moses Montefiore for relief, say that the Lord of Judah is "consuming its people," that "the dearth which prevails is unparalleled in the annals of the country. Failing harvests are superseded by drought, so that the face of the earth is literally scorched, and the wall of the famished multitude is heard by day and by night, and our streets are thronged with starving children, who vainly implore for food."

THE FEDERAL GRAND JURY AND THE FILIBUSTERS.—There was great excitement yesterday evening in the neighborhood of the City Hall, as it was known that the Federal Grand Jury were to meet at 5 o'clock, to investigate the filibuster movement in this city. Pierre Sanve, General Henderson, Col. Samuel J. Peters, Major Thrasher, and Dr. A. L. Saunders, the grand scribe of the Ousel Owls, who were deemed the most prominent filibusters in the State, were summoned to appear before the grand inquest. The accommodations for the reporters for the press were not very good, but as the investigation occupied but a few moments, we were spared the trouble of a long sitting.

The first filibuster called to the stand was General Henderson. He was a regular "Know-Nothing," so far as filibusterism was concerned. He declared he knew nothing of the matter except by hearsay.

Col. Samuel J. Peters was next called up. He followed in the footsteps of his illustrious predecessor, General Henderson, by declaring that his knowledge of filibustering was solely derived from hearsay.

The third witness was Major Thrasher. He looked and felt like a man on whose firmness, at the critical moment, much depended—like one who felt equal to the task of shattering the fetters that bind the beautiful and pensive "Queen of the Antilles," and who, on her deliverance, would, like Coriolanus, say—"Alone, I did it!"

When District attorney Moore commenced pumping the Major, he drew himself up with an air of insulted dignity, and positively refused to answer any questions.

M. Sauve, who rumor points to as the treasurer of the liberating hosts, was asked whether he had been present at any meeting in this city, held for the purpose of organizing an expedition for the invasion of Cuba. He declined to answer any questions, on the ground that the answers might criminate himself.

The last witness called was Dr. Saunders. The doctor, though apparently desirous of winning the honors of martyrdom, like Major Thrasher, was still cautious in his replies, as became the chief of the Ousel Owls. He would not give a direct answer to any question put to him by the district attorney, and that officer failing to elicit anything, the grand jury adjourned.

At 10 o'clock this morning, the stubborn witnesses will understand, be brought before Judge Campbell, and made to "blow the gaff," or be furnished with free quarters in the Mississippi Hotel, at the expenses of Uncle Sam.

It was strongly hinted, last night, that should the parties, this morning, be "sent down," an attempt to rescue would be made, in which event the troops would be called out. We have no fears of any such result. The civil authorities believe themselves fully competent to maintain the majesty of the law in such an emergency.—N. O. True Delta.

We see by the Court of Records, that the two counterfeiters, White, of Buffalo, and Lawrence, of Epping, N. H., have been placed under ten thousand dollar bonds, each, for making and selling, imitations of AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL. This is right. If the law should protect men from imposition at all, it should certainly protect them from being imposed upon by a worthless counterfeit of such a medicine as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. We can only complain that the punishment is not half enough. The villain, who would for paltry gain, deliberately trifle with the health of his fellow man, by taking from their lips, the cup of hope, when they are sinking, and substituting a false-ehood—an utter delusion, should be punished at least as severely as he who counterfeits the coin of the country.—Green C. Bunker, Carrollton, Ill.

THE last Harrodsburg Ploughboy announces the death of Joseph Haskin, Esq., a prominent member of the bar at that place. He had been in the field for several years, and during the last twelve months, his death had been almost daily expected. The Ploughboy says: He died as he lived—a strongly eccentric man in some respects, but an upright pure man, in all respects, who regarded as a politician, a political lawyer, or a private citizen.

THE following is from the Kalkreuth book for June. As the narrator says, there have been some suppressed "snickering" in the "meeting" house where the incident occurred.

Let me tell an anecdote of one of these settlers in the neighborhood, whom I will call Peter G., who had resided on his farm near our village for the last forty years, and by his industry and the increased price of lands, was called rich, and lived "full fat, and plentifully." He was one of those late, hearty, hard working, blue eyed, good natured farmers, who thought more of looking after his stock and land than of visiting a house of worship on the Sabbath day. A neighbor, who was his very opposite, and thought it a disgrace to miss a regular church meeting, called on Peter one day and asked him to attend church on the next Sabbath to hear Parson D. preach, who, by the way, had built up a large church in the village. So Peter promised that he would be there on the next Sunday. Punctual to the time, as Peter thought, but a little late, he arrived at the door, which was closed, and the minister had commenced. Peter knocked at the door. Some one sitting near opened it. In walked Peter, with his ever "Munt how do do?" and in walking up the aisle, he spoke to every one, all of whom he knew.

When his friend who had invited him rose up to set him in his pew, he grasped him by the hand and said, with his long voice, "How are you? which made such an unusual commotion that the congregation was in one stir during the whole sermon.—This was his first visit to Parson D.'s church. He said they were "the most dry and unbecoming set of people he had ever seen, when they had got on their Sunday go to meeting faces."

A DEACON'S QUOTATION OF SCRIPTURE ON THE DAY OF WEDNESDAY.—Mr. Secretary Marcy recently told an anecdote at the dinner party in this city, which runs thus: He said that a few weeks since Gov. Seymour of New York wrote to him that since he had vetoed the liquor law he had received various letters from gentlemen in various parts of the State, both approving and disapproving of his course in the premises. Among them was one from an honest old deacon, who resided in the centre of the State, which commended his action in the strongest terms. The old gentleman alluded to, informed the Governor that he was deeply interested in the debates of both sides of the question, and did not let "just a little" escape him. He had, he said, looked up his Bible from Genesis to Revelation, in order to see how the liquor question was there treated, and other matters of importance.

After the deacon had read the conclusion of all the great and good in us, Noah, Moses, David, Solomon and Jesus, he only was particularly of the "frost," but recommended it, in a word, in his researches he only found one instance (that was David's) where a man called for cold water, and that he was in—*where he ought to be!*

AN UNEXPECTED ANSWER.—Soon after the Mexican war, an American Captain and an Englishman met in Venice at dinner, and the following conversation took place: "You are an American, sir," said the Englishman.

"I reckon I am," returned the captain. "You have the name of being great warriors." "Yes," answered the Yankee, coolly, "we shoot pretty well."

"But how is it that you were so anxious to make peace with Mexico? This does not look much like spunk."

"You are an Englishman?" interrogated the Yankee.

"Yes," replied the Englishman.

"Well," said the Yankee, "I don't know what our folks offered to do with Mexico; but stranger, I'll just tell you one thing: I'll be damned if we offered to make peace with you!"

This home trust at the Englishman set the whole house in an uproar of laughter.

OUR LITANY.—From tailors bills, doctors pills, western "chills," and all other ills—pray deliver us.

From want of gold, wives that sould, misdeeds old, and by shapers sold—preserve us.

From popish curses, mock auctioneers, Cossack's cuts, and woman's tears—deliver us.

From stinging flies, coal black eyes, baker's pies, and baby cries—deliver us.

From seamy coats, protested notes, shuffling boats, and illegal votes—protect us.

From cracking doors, a wife that snores, "condemned" bibles, and dry-goods stores—especially protect us.

From choleric gripes, Paddy's pipes, and Mrs. Smith's "chills"—preserve us.

From modest girls, with waving curls, and teeth of pearls—never mind!

COURT OF APPEALS.

(Twenty-sixth Day.)

TUESDAY, July 4.

CAUSES DECIDED.

City of Louisville v University of Louisville, Jefferson; affirmed. Chief Justice Ilse dissenting.

Maysville Turnpike v Howe, Mason; affirmed. Killgore v Bracken Turnpike, Mason; do Lewis v Greenhouse, Mason; reversed.

ORDERS.

Vandusen v Newland & Co., Fayette. Shipp & Co., v Bryant & Co., do

Says v Buecum, Fayette; do Robinson v Green, Fayette; do

Jones v Green; Scott; do Bowman v Wickliffe Nelson, reversed.

Walker v Anderson Fleming, do

ORDERS.

Risk v Ireland Scott, do Algaier v Madoux, Scott; do

Cleveland v Matthews Jassamine, do Bradley v Rhorer Jassamine—were a quo

Six STARKS.—We understand that on Wednesday last, an Irish laborer, (whose name we did not learn,) died suddenly of *Coupe Sorel*, while at work on the Turnpike between Paris and North Middleton. The weather has been excessively hot during the past week—the thermometer ranging from 90 to 102, degrees in the shade during the heat of the day.—Ky. Flag.

George Smith, do you recollect the story of David and Goliath?

"Yes, sir; David was a tavern keeper, and Goliath was an intemperate man."

"Who told you that?"

"Nobody." I read it, and it said that David fixed a sling for Goliath, and Goliath got slewed with it.

The following pertinent question was recently addressed to two lawyers of our acquaintance at a fair in a neighboring village—"If distance lends enchantment to the view, and view refuse to return it, has distance any legal redress?" One lawyer thought it had, and the other that it hadn't the usual satisfaction we get when we take counsel as to what really is law.

LIST OF CANDIDATES.

WE are authorized to announce WILLIAM L. HARKINS as a candidate for re-election to the office of County Attorney.

WE are authorized to announce J. W. PRESTON as a candidate for Constable in the Frankfort district.

WE are authorized to announce LEWIS MAXSON as a candidate for Constable in the Frankfort district.

WE are authorized to announce R. H. KING as a candidate for Constable in the Frankfort district, at the election in August next.

WE are authorized to announce ROBERT A. BRAUNER as a candidate for the office of Jailor of Franklin county.

WE are authorized to announce COL. JAMES MONROE as a candidate for Police Judge of the city of Frankfort, at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce R. C. STARKLE as a candidate for the Sheriffship of this county.

WE are authorized to announce A. CROCKETT as a candidate for Sheriff at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce BEN. F. FOX as a candidate for Assessor of Franklin county at the August election next.

WE are authorized to announce JNO. J. SMITH as a candidate for Assessor of Franklin county at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce WM. F. GRAMM as a candidate for the office of Surveyor of Franklin county at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce Samuel Phillips as a candidate for the office of Jailor, in Franklin county at the election in August next.

WE are authorized to announce HARRY B. JONES as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Franklin county at the ensuing August election.

WE are authorized to announce Gen. E. H. TOLLE as a candidate for Jailor of Franklin county, at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce PETER JETT as a candidate for Assessor in the county of Franklin, at the next August election.

WE are authorized to announce H. J. MORRIS as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Franklin county at the election in August next.

WE are authorized to announce R. T. CONNOR as a candidate for Jailor of Franklin county, at the election in August next.

LEWIS B. FENWICK will be supported by many friends for the office of County Jailor for Franklin county, and we are authorized to announce him as a candidate for the office.

OWNERS COUNTY.

WE are authorized to announce JAMES W. BALLARU as a candidate for Sheriff of Owen county at the next August election.

COURT OF APPEALS.

WE are authorized to announce HENRY J. STILES as a candidate for the office of Appellate Judge, in the 4th Appellate District, at the next election.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BARGAINS!

GOODS AT COST!

In consequence of the late fire I am determined to sell my stock of Dry Goods at PRIME COST! and my friends and customers especially are invited to call and examine to convince themselves.

Particular attention is called to my stock of Silks, Lawns, Barges, Ginghams, Mantillas, Under Slaves, Collars, &c.

Under Odd Fellows Hall, Broadway, Frankfort, Ky.

I. P. BLACKWELL.
[Com'd copy.

May 25, 1854.

LIVER DISEASE.—CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE, as a remedy for liver disease, and the number of formidable evils connected with a disordered state of that organ, is unrivaled.

Hundreds of certificates, from the highest sources, of persons living in the city of Richmond, Va., might be given of cures effected by Carter's Spanish Mixture. We have only room to refer to the extraordinary cure of Samuel M. Drinker, Esq., of the firm at Drinker & Morris, Booksellers, Richmond, Va., who was cured by two bottles of Carter's Spanish Mixture, a boy three years suffering from disordered liver. He says his action on the liver was wonderful, better than any medicine he had ever taken, and cheerfully recommends it to all.

See Advertisement.

Holloway's Pills are the best medicine now on sale in the United States, the ingredients of which they are composed are so unobjectionable, that they cannot harm the most delicate constitution. To validate this statement, they cannot be of the most service, being composed entirely of medical herbs, the production of a person who has made it his study to alleviate the ills to which the human family are subject; they must, therefore, be hailed with delight, as supplying a want long felt in this country.

There are few things which afford us greater pleasure than sitting down to write a notice of the celebrated Holloway and German Bitters, because we are fully conscious we are conferring a public benefit, and our heart tells us that by our notices many have been induced to take these Bitters, and been rescued from death by Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, &c., for the cure of which it is certain. It is prepared and sold only by Dr. C. M. Jackson, at the German Medicine Store, No. 120 Arch street, Philadelphia.—2 w.

EVANS & CO.

Having located in the house formerly occupied by G. W. Watson, on Main street, will be pleased to wait on all who may give them a call. In some goods we can offer great inducements. Call and examine for yourselves.

May 9, 1854.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Since the late fire I purchased from J. N. CANNON his entire interest in the firm of CANNON & GAINES, and have disposed of the whole stock in trade to Dr. J. M. Mills. My thanks are hereby tendered for the liberal patronage bestowed upon the late firm, and I take pleasure in requesting all the friends and patrons of the same to extend their custom to Dr. Mills.

DR. J. M. MILLS.

Takes pleasure in informing the public that he is located in the room on St. Clair street, formerly occupied by Dr. Muschel, adjoining the store of Messrs. Baker & Munyan. He returns his sincere thanks for the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed upon him, and hopes that the same may be continued.

His stock will shortly be increased and every facility afforded for conducting the business.

The community may rely with much safety as ever upon the goodness of all his articles.

N. B.—Prescriptions will receive particular attention.

[June 5, 1854.]

CIRCULAR.

TO THE LEGAL PROFESSION.

PUBLIC ACTS OF KENTUCKY.

We have published the Public Acts passed at the late session of the General Assembly of Kentucky, including the Criminal Code, and all amendments to the Civil Code and Revised Statutes, and will send them, by mail, to the order of any person who may wish a copy—*pay the postage*—at the following prices: viz.

A copy, with paper cover, \$1.00
A copy, bound in law bind, 1.50

Remittances can be made by mail at our risk—*will return in postage stamps.*

May 9, 1854.

A. B. HODGETS & CO.,
Frankfort, Ky.

N. B. The Civil and Criminal Codes with the laws prepared by the Commissioners for each, published in a single volume, containing about 500 pages, bound in law binding, will be ready for delivery about the first of July next. Price \$3.00.

THEN FLY FROM MINERAL NOSTRUMS.

TO SEEK HOPE, life and vigor from this purely vegetable remedy. Therefore, however broken in health and spirits, however loathsome to himself and others, let no one despair of recovery; let the patient only understand that his hope of physical restoration lies in "GUY'S" Extract of Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla," and persuade him for his LIFE'S SAKE, to try it, and we have no hesitation in predicting his speedy restoration to health.

See advertisement.

DR. GUY'S YELLOW DOCK AND SARSAPARILLA, for the cure of disease, or as a string purifier of blood and as a general tonic for the system, is unrivaled.

The curative powers of this Extract are truly wonderful, and all invalids should make immediate trial of the "Yellow Dock and Sarsaparilla." It cannot injure the most delicate patient.

NOTICE.

The firm of Brown & Saytes having been this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to the firm will make payment to Orlando Brown, and all those having claims against the firm will present them to him for payment.

ORLANDO BROWN,
SAM. C. SAYTES.

The business heretofore carried on by Brown & Saytes will be continued by Orlando Brown alone, and he requests a continuance of the patronage of the late firm.

ORLANDO BROWN.

Frankfort, July 6, 1854.

W. P. CURR.

R. H. BRISTON.

CURD HOUSE,

Opposite Lexington and Frankfort Rail Road Depot.

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY,

CONNERTH with this house are large and commodious for the accommodation of the public. As a livery, baggage and horses in hire. July 6th.

ARRIVAL OF

MAD. ADOLPHE!

THE original, unsurpassed and justly celebrated Madame ADOLPHE, the universally acknowledged greatest sympathist in the world, and the same distinguished lady who created, through her "marvelous revelation of the past," the present, as well as the correct predictions of the future, such intense excitement in England, France and the principal cities of the United States, that Queen Victoria presented her with a costly Diamond Brooch, and Daniel Webster with a Jeweled Ring is now ready to receive visitors at the FRANKFORT HOTEL, whom she will inform all about past present and future; if they are married, or not, and what lady or husband they will get; or business of every description. Mysterious and almost impossible as her profession appears, she comes recommended by so highly respectable and innumerable certificates of acknowledged power and skill that it precludes all supposition of probability of deception or imposition, as many others now practice.

Consultation free from 1 to 3 p.m. according to how far they wish to go or what time they occupy.

Frankfort July 4, 1854—G.

HARPER FOR JULY, received at EVANS & CO'S.

Just Received.

10 KITS No. 1 Mackerel;
10 half bushels reboiled Molasses;
25 half and quarter boxes Star Candles;
3 packets Mocha Coffee;
5 lbs No. 1 Cider Vinegar;
3 boxes fresh Cheese;
200 lbs Dried Canvas Beef;
2 hives D. M. Honey;
2 dozen Zinc Wash Boards;
Will

